

Revenue Cycle Optimization





Tools and Strategies for Success

Introductions

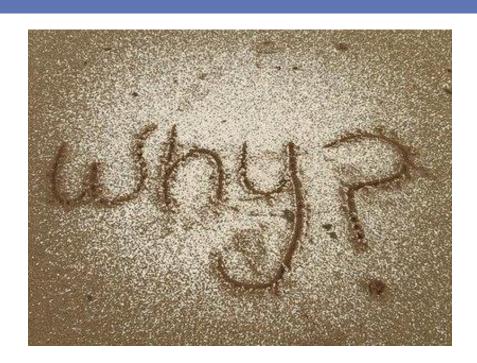
- Jodi Frei, PT, MSMIIT, <u>Northwestern Medical Center</u>
- William Presley, Vice President, Acmeware



Agenda

- Background: Why Optimize Revenue Cycle?
- - Registration, Billing, Collections
- Metrics that Matter
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 Metrics that Met
- 50 Optimizing Quality Outcomes and Reimbursement
- Financial Impacts of Patient Engagement

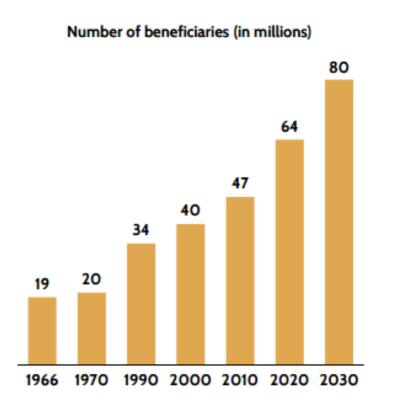
Revenue Cycle Optimization



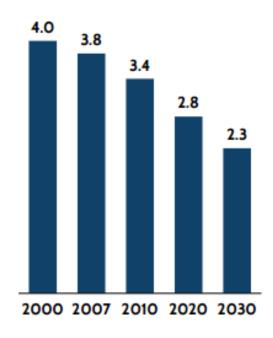
- External environment cinching the belt on payments
- Incentives and penalties driving effective, cost efficient care

Medicare Solvency

Exhibit 4. Federal Budgetary and Trust Fund Solvency Concerns as the U.S. Population Ages



Number of workers per beneficiary



Source: 2010 Annual Report of the Boards of Trustees of the Federal Hospital Insurance and Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds.

Payment Reform: Challenging Environment

m In Vermont,

- Reduced Disproportionate Share (DSH) Payments
- Revenue Cap
- Risk Based Payment Models: Population Health
 - Risk 1: Costs exceed payments
 - Risk 2: Costs of participants seeking care outside of "network"
- Ambulatory Surgical Centers & Urgent Cares
 - Directing high revenue procedures elsewhere
- ACO Federal Funding Deficits funded by hospital

Rev Cycle Optimization: Areas of Opportunity



Registration

Back to the Basics:

- Every field, Every encounter, Every time
- No assumptions

Build logic to support workflow

- Reg Types drive specific coding lists, drive billing CLIs all go to coders
- Location drives dept specific coders worklists (Lab CLI vs DI CLI)

Educate, Educate, Educate!!!

- Above logic and workflows are specific and complex
- Solid orientation program with ongoing elbow support

Medical Necessity

- System generated ABNs
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- If not, at Point of Care



Supply Chain

Lesson Learned: Eliminate paper processes!

Effective automated systems
Require reliable workflows

How does stocking occur?

Centralized or decentralized?

How do clinicians decrement?

Is there a delay between pulling and distributing?



EDI: Electronic Data Exchange

- so Saves time by eliminating manual transaction process
- Eliminates manual costs
 - "A major electronics manufacturer calculates the cost of processing an order manually at \$38 compared to just \$1.35 for an order processed using EDI"
- Allows staff to focus on other high value areas
- Improved transaction quality reduced errors and rework
- Increased business efficiency/ transaction turnaround time



Clinical Documentation Improvement

- Appropriateness and Specificity of documentation
 - Goal Bill DRG best aligned with patient presentation
 - BMI/Obesity/Morbid Obesity/Malnutrition
 - Failure to Thrive as opposed to weakness
- **500** Complications & Comorbidities: CCs and MCCs
 - MS-DRG 179 Complex pneumonia without CC or MCC, Hospital reimbursement \$5,389
 - MS-DRG 178 Complex pneumonia with CC, Hospital reimbursement \$7,922
 - MS-DRG 177 Complex pneumonia with MCC, Hospital reimbursemen \$11,302
- Many on line resources available
 - Certifications of CDI Specialists
 - Program implementation

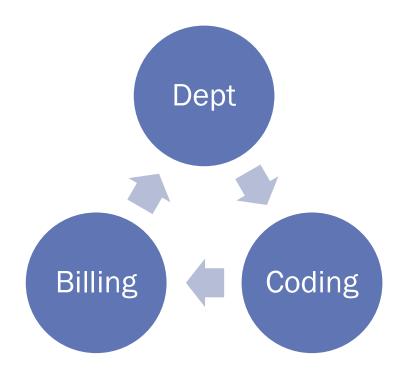
CCs and MCCs

NON CC	CC	MCC
Altered Mental Status	Delirium d/t Xanax Withdrawal	Toxic Encephalopathy
Angina	Unstable Angina	Non ST Elevation MI
CHF	Systolic CHF	Acute Systolic CHF

mpact Readmissions Scoring as well

Charge Reconciliation

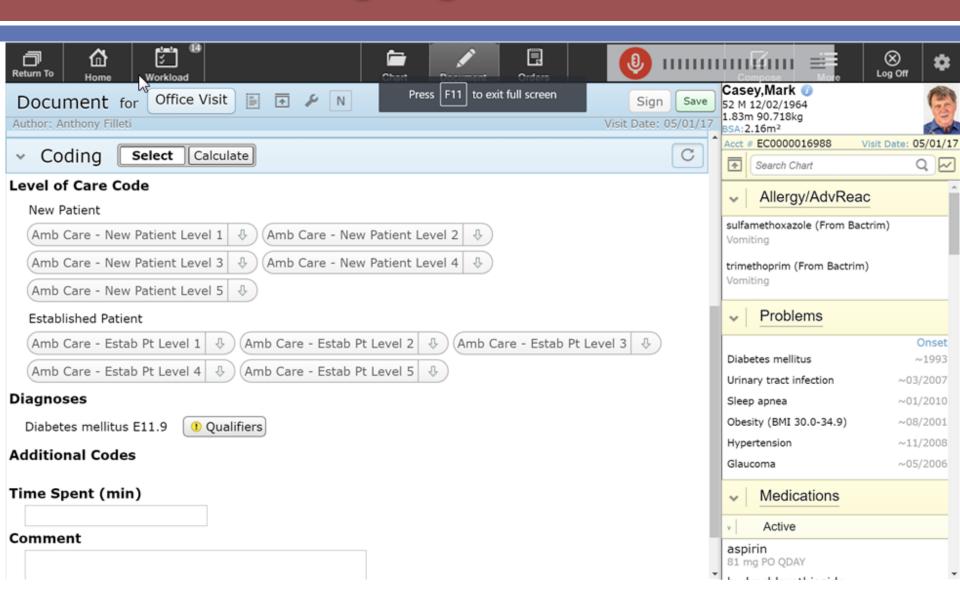
- **Revenue Generating Departments**
- © Charge check before transmission to billing



Coding

- Determination of which services are and are not coded by coders
 - ED? Inpatient? Rehab? Clinics? Labs?
- Evaluation and Management Coding: Manual or automated?
 - Extent of history, extent of examination can be automated
 - MDMing more difficult to automate

Coding Logic Embedded



Metrics That Matter

Days in AR: Accounts Receivable: Low

□ UR: Unbilled Receivables: Low

DNFB: Days Not Final Billed: Low

If upgrading, expect these to go up – plan for increased need for cash on hand based on projected number of days increase and ave charges per day.

CMS Has Many Quality and Reporting Programs (991 unique measures!)

Hospital Quality

- Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Program
- PPS-Exempt Cancer Hospitals
- Inpatient Psychiatric Facilities

Inpatient Quality Reporting

- HAC Payment Reduction Program
- Readmission reduction program
- Outpatient Quality Reporting
- Ambulatory Surgical Centers

Physician Quality Reporting

- Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Program
- Physician Quality Reporting System (PQRS)
- Value-based Payment Modifier (VM)
- Maintenance of Certification

PAC and OTHER Setting Quality Reporting

- Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility
- Nursing Home Compare Measures
- LTCH Quality Reporting
- Hospice Quality Reporting
- Home Health Quality Reporting

Payment Model Reporting

- Medicare Shared Savings Program
- Hospital Value-based Purchasing
- Physician Feedback
- ESRD QIP
- Innovations Pilots

"Population" Quality Reporting

- Medicaid Adult Quality Reporting
- CHIPRA Quality Reporting
- Health Insurance Exchange Quality Reporting
- Medicare Part C
- Medicare Part D

= Public Reporting Focus for Hospitals/ CAHs/ Eligible Providers

Fiscal Impact of Quality Programs

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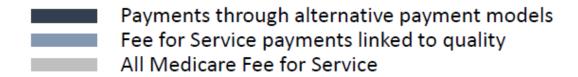
"Population" Quality Reporting

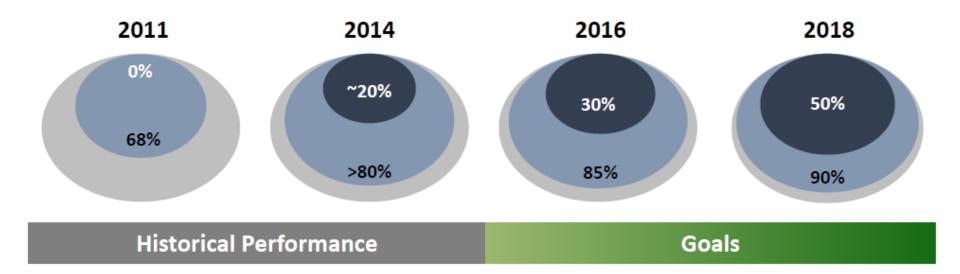
- Medicaid Adult Quality Reporting
- CHIPRA Quality Reporting
- Health Insurance Exchange Quality Reporting
- Medicare Part C
- Medicare Part D

Surveillance: Improving Outcomes

Name Acct. # ▼ A/S	Location Room/Bed Admit Date/Time	Count	Sepsis Go To	CAUTI Go To
Lahr,Liam E80000000719 5 M	8 East 813 1 12/17/14 08:40	1		
Fullerton,Robert E. EB00000000840 55 M	6 North 606 1 01/06/15 14:36	1	4	
Fullerton, Sandra F. EB00000000841 52 F	The second secon	2		
Vita, John EB00000000877 51 M	3 South 308 2 01/08/15 17:30	1		J
Stone,Richard EB00000000921 65 M	3 East 316 1 01/14/15 11:48	1		
Smith, John EB0000001254 70 M	9 East 926 1 01/28/15 13:00	2		
Smith, Jeffrey EB0000001255 52 M	3 North 302 1 01/28/15 13:36	2		J
Damon, Jordan EB0000001627 45 F	9 South 915 2 06/03/15 09:00	2		

Rising MCR Payments Associated with Quality



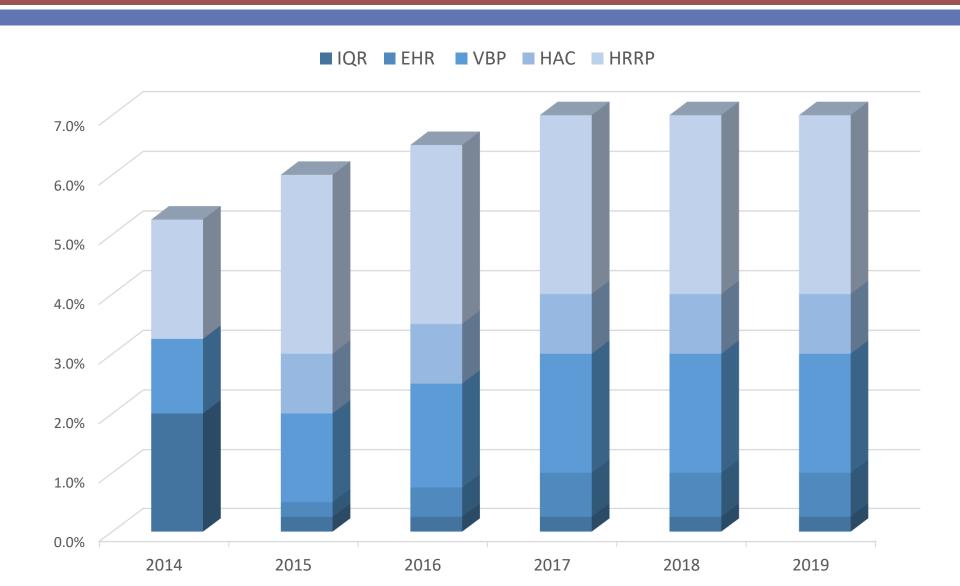


Revenue At Risk

Year	IQR	EHR MU	VBP	HAC	HRRP
2016	25% MBU	50% MBU	1.75% DRG	1.0% DRG	3.00% DRG
2017	25% MBU	75% MBU	2.00% DRG	1.0% DRG	3.00% DRG
2018	25% MBU	75% MBU	2.00% DRG	1.0% DRG	3.00% DRG
2019	25% MBU	75% MBU	2.00% DRG	1.0% DRG	3.00% DRG

- 2,573 hospitals will receive cuts in Medicare payments up to 3% starting in Oct 2017
- Equates to a projected 564 million dollar federal savings

Increasing Risk Over Time



Financial Impact: MIPS

How Do You Rate?



*MACRA allows potential positive adjustments to be higher or lower than listed

Hospital Analysis Tools

- Medicare Hospital Value Based Purchasing (VBP) Impact Analysis
- Provider Statistical & Reimbursement (PS&R) Report
- Inpatient Prospective Payment System (IPPS) Federal Fiscal Year Analysis
- Readmissions Reduction Program Analysis
- Mospital Acquired Condition (HAC) Reduction Program Analysis

Provider Analysis Tools

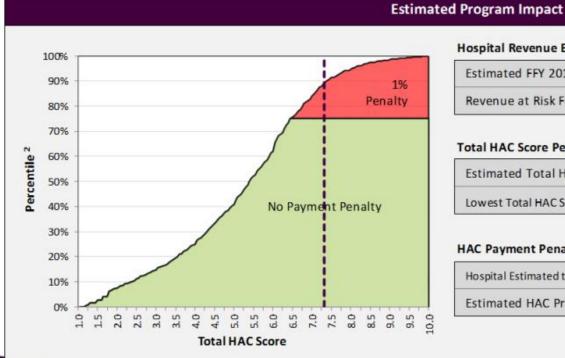
- Physician Quality Reporting System (PQRS) Payment Adjustment Feedback Reporting
- Annual Quality and Resource Use Report (QRUR)
- Physician Quality Reporting System (PQRS) Measures: eCQM Benchmarks

Readmission Reduction Impact Analysis

				FFY 2015					FFY 201	6					FFY 2017	7		
		Excess Ratio		Revenue by Condition		Excess Readm. Dollars*	Excess Ratio		Revenue by Condition		Excess Read Dollars	m.	Excess Rat	io	Revenue by Condition		Excess Read Dollars	
Α	MI	0.9384	х	\$351,097	=	\$0	0.9545	Х	\$300,198	=	\$0	•	0.9641	Х	\$349,336	=	\$0	•
Н	F	0.9078	Х	\$1,028,500	=	\$0	0.8930	Х	\$965,779	=	\$0	▼	0.8904	Х	\$924,800	=	\$0	•
P P	N	0.9807	Х	\$2,632,126	=	\$0	1.0232	Х	\$2,460,855	=	\$57,005	A	1.1284	Х	\$2,538,489	=	\$325,829	•
ğπ	HA/TKA	1.0311	х	\$3,037,179	=	\$94,491	0.9464	Х	\$2,597,674	=	\$0	•	1.0467	Х	\$2,142,161	=	\$100,015	•
О	OPD	0.9849	х	\$1,061,157	=	\$0	0.9536	Х	\$1,000,770	=	\$0	▼	1.0293	Х	\$1,026,791	=	\$30,043	•
C	ABG			Does Not App	ıly				Does Not A	۱pph	у		0.0000	Х	No Data	=	No Data	
Est	Excess Readmission Dollars			\$94,491					\$57,005			•			\$455,887			•
Fin	al RRP Adjustment Factor			0.9975					0.9982						0.9843			
Per	centage Impact			-0.25%					-0.18%			•			-1.57%			• •
Est	imated Annual Impact			(\$21,500)					(\$15,500)			•			(\$136,700)			•

HAC Reduction Impact Analysis

	Raw Score		Domain Weight	_	Weighted Domain Score
Domain 1 - AHRQ Claims Based Measure	8.00	X	15%	=	1.20
	Raw Score		Domain Weight	_	Weighted Domain Score
Domain 2 - CDC Chart Abstracted Measures	7.20	X	85%	=	6.12



Hospital Revenue Exposure Estimate:

Estimated FFY 2017 Revenue	\$44,599,600
Revenue at Risk For Payment Reduction (1%)	\$446,000

Total HAC Score Performance Summary:

Estimated Total HAC Score	7.32
Lowest Total HAC Score Receiving Payment Penalty ³	6.45

HAC Payment Penalty Determination:3

Hospital Estimated to be in the Top (worst) Quartile?	YES
Estimated HAC Program Payment Impact	(\$446,000)

PROVIDER STATISTICAL AND REIMBURSEMENT SYSTEM

Program ID: INPATIENT

Paid Date: 10/01/2015 - 09/30/2016

Provider FYE: 09/30

TOTAL LOSS

Provider Number: 550045 Acmeware Medical Center

PROVIDER SUMMARY REPORT

INPATIENT - PART A

Page: 2

Report #: 0D2341

Report Type: ACME

	SERVICES FOR PERIOD
	10/01/15 - 09/30/16
REIMBURSEMENT SECTION	
OPERATING PAYMENTS	\$30,955,000.00
HOSPITAL READMISSION ADJ	-\$430,000.00
VALUE BASED PURCHASING ADJ	-\$525,000.00
GROSS REIMBURSEMENT	\$30,000,000.00
LESS	
HAC Reduction	-\$300,000.00
CASH DEDUCTIBLE	\$0.00
OTHER ADJUSTMENTS	\$0.00
NET REIMBURSEMENT	\$29,700,000.00

(\$1,255,000.00)

DIAGNOSIS-RELATED GROUP (DRG) REIMBURSEMENT

Period: 10/01/2016 - 09/30/2017

DIAGNOSIS-RELATED GROUP (DRG) REIMBURSEMENT

DRG 2017 (FORECAST)	\$40,000,000.00
MARKET BASKET UPDATE (MBU) ADJUSTMENT	0.90%
MARKET BASKET UPDATE (MBU) ADJUSTMENT	\$360,000.00
INPATIENT QUALITY REPORTING (IQR) PENALTY	-25%
EHR INCENTIVE PROGRAM (MU) PENALTY	-75%

LESS

INPATIENT QUALITY REPORTING (IQR) PENALTY	\$90,000.00
EHR INCENTIVE PROGRAM (MU) PENALTY	\$270,000.00
OTHER ADJUSTMENTS	\$0.00
NET ADJUSTMENTS	\$360,000.00

Quality and Resource Use Report



Patient Engagement: Outcomes

"...in the 2016 Healthcare Management Forum, there was a study from McGill University [on strong patient engagement] that showed a 20% improvement in patient experience of care, a 25% decrease in C. diff and antimicrobial-resistant infections, and they calculated savings of \$340,000 in one year,"

 Joe Kiani, founder of the Patient Safety Movement Foundation and chairman and CEO of Masimo

Transitional and Transformative Strategies

- Use of Impact reports to determine areas of focus
- Provider Cost Analysis by DRG
- Using EHR to present cost data at order entry
 - Meds
 - Labs
 - High Risk Medications
- Qualified Clinical Data Registry (QCDR) to promote patient engagement

Challenges

- **Disparate Systems**
- Difficult to assess performance across settings
- **So Coding occurs post discharge**
- Understanding workflow required by eCQMs
- Transition from free text and customized reporting

Conclusion

- **50** Transformation
- Mission/Vision/Values trump Personal Preference
- Provider, Staff, Patient Engagement
- Relate, Don't Compare
 - Benchmark yourself against the outside world
- Accountability and Execution

Questions?

- **500 Jodi Frei, PT MSMIIT Northwestern Medical Center**
- **William Presley**, Vice President Acmeware



Resources

- https://www.studergroup.com/resources/articles-andindustry-updates/articles-and-whitepapers/why-patientengagement-matters
- http://www.commonwealthfund.org/~/media/files/publicat ions/fundreport/2015/jun/1821_davis_aca_and_medicare_v2.pdf
- nttp://www.ahima.org/topics/cdi
- https://www.edibasics.com/benefits-of-edi/
- nttps://e-medtools.com/drg modifier.html